

RIH – GATED AORTA AND CAROTID CTA GE LIGHTSPEED VCT PROTOCOL

Position/Landmark	Feet first-Supine Sternal Notch				
Topogram Direction	Craniocaudal				
Respiratory Phase	Inspiration				
Scan Type	Helical and Cine				
KV / mA / Rotation time (sec) Pitch / Speed (mm/rotation) Noise Index / ASiR / Dose Reduction	120kv / 600 mA / 0.35 sec 40.00mm - / 30 / 20%				
Detector width x Rows = Beam Collimation	0.625mm x 64 = 40mm				
Average Tube Output	ctdi – 13.5mGy dlp – 498 mGy.cm				
Helical Set Slice Thickness/ Spacing Algorithm Recon Destination	<u>recon</u>	<u>body part</u>	<u>thickness/ spacing</u>	<u>algorithm</u>	<u>recon destination</u>
	1	gated cta	1.25mm x 1.25mm	standard	pacs
	2	thin gated cta	.6mm x .6mm	standard	workstation
Scan Start / End Locations	2cm inferior to heart 2cm above circle of willis 32cm				
DFOV					
IV Contrast Volume / Type / Rate	60mL Iohexol (Omnipaque 350) / 5mL per second 50mL Iohexol (Omnipaque 350) / 4mL per second 40mL saline / 4mL per second				
Scan Delay	Smart Prep at ascending thoracic aorta at level of carina				
2D/3D Technique Used	2mm x 2mm sagittal oblique and coronal oblique reformats of the thoracic aorta, mip mode manually transferred to pacs.				
Comments: The ct angiogram is a gated scan from the bottom of the heart through through the circle of willis.					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The cardiac monitor leads should be below the clavicles and just below the curvature of the left ribs. 					
Images required in PACS	Scouts, 1.25mm x 1.25mm axial arterial thoracic aorta and carotids, 2mm x 2mm sagittal oblique and coronal oblique reformats of the thoracic aorta, Dose Report				